IAC Ch 3, p.1

## 681—3.104 (8A) Terminations.

**3.104(1)** Resignations. To resign in good standing employees must notify the employing department of their intention to resign in writing at least ten days prior to the effective date of resignation, except in cases where the employing department agrees to a shorter period of notice. An employee who fails to give proper notice may, at the request of the employing department, be barred from future certification to that department or from reinstatement as provided for in these rules. Employees who resign will have no rights of appeal under these rules.

- **3.104(2)** *Termination on expiration of appointment.* On expiration of an appointment of limited duration the employing department will report such action in writing to the resident director.
- **3.104(3)** *Retirement.* Employees who retire will be considered to have terminated in good standing and without prejudice and will have no rights of appeal under these rules.

## 3.104(4) Reduction in force.

- a. Nothing herein shall be construed as a guarantee of hours of work per day or per work period. An institution may lay off an employee when it deems necessary because of shortage of funds or work, a material change in duties or organization or abolishment of one or more positions.
- b. Reduction in force will be accomplished in a systematic manner in accordance with these rules; however, the layoff provisions established in this subrule shall not apply to:
  - (1) Temporary layoffs of less than 20 workdays or 160 hours of work per calendar year;
- (2) Interruptions in the employment of school term employees during breaks in the academic year, during the summer, or during other seasonal interruptions that are a condition of employment, with the prior approval of the resident director;
  - (3) The promotion or reclassification of an employee to a class in the same or a higher pay grade;
- (4) The reclassification of an employee's position to a class in a lower pay grade that results from the correction of a classification error, the implementation of a class or series revision, changes in the duties of the position, or a reorganization that does not result in fewer total positions in the unit that is reorganized;
- (5) A change in the classification of an employee's position or the appointment of an employee to a vacant position in a class in a lower pay grade resulting from a disciplinary or voluntary demotion; and
- (6) The transfer or reassignment of an employee to another position in the same class or to a class in the same pay grade.
- c. The individual whose position is eliminated or reduced in hours will be reassigned to a vacant position in the same classification provided the individual can perform the essential functions of the position and possesses any required special qualifications. If there is no vacant position to which the individual can be reassigned, the individual(s) may request and accept layoff with reemployment rights as provided in 3.104(4) "o." If an individual(s) directly affected does not request layoff with reemployment rights, the reduction in force procedures in this subrule shall be implemented.
  - d. Reduction in force will be made by class.
- *e*. Reduction in force may be made by organizational unit within an institution or institutionwide, as designated by the institution, provided such designation is reported to the merit system director before the effective date of the reduction.
- *f.* The order of reduction in force will be by type of appointment as follows: temporary, trainee, initial probationary, permanent.
- g. Each permanent employee affected by a reduction in force will be notified in writing of the layoff and the reasons for it at least 20 working days prior to the effective date of the layoff unless budgetary limitations require a lesser period of notice.
- h. There will be competition among all employees in the class affected by the layoff based on a retention points system that will consist of points for length of service and performance evaluation of all employees in the class within the organizational unit or units affected. Retention points will be calculated as follows:

Ch 3, p.2

(1) Length of service credit will be allowed at the rate of one point for each month of service. Any period of 15 calendar days of service in a month will be considered a full month. For the purpose of computing length of service credits, the institution will include all periods of regular merit employment during periods of continuous regular appointments with the institution between the date of the original appointment and the date of the layoff or as provided otherwise by law. Periods of leave without pay exceeding 30 days will not be counted.

- (2) Performance evaluation credit will be allowed at the rate of one point for each month of satisfactory service. No credit will be allowed for service rated less than satisfactory. If there is no record of performance evaluation for a specific time period, it shall be presumed that the employee's performance is satisfactory.
- (3) Reduction in force retention points will be the total of length of service and performance evaluation.
- i. Employees will be placed on the layoff list beginning with the employee with the greatest number of retention points at top. Layoffs will be made from the list in reverse order unless the employee with the least retention points has special skills and abilities required to perform in the position currently occupied. Employees with greater retention points who must vacate their positions must possess the special skills and abilities required for that position and meet any job-related selective certification required for that position. Copies of the computation of retention points will be made available to affected employees. One copy will be retained by the resident director and one copy will be forwarded to the merit system director at least ten days prior to the effective date of the layoff.
- *j*. When two or more employees have the same total of retention points, the order of termination will be determined by giving preference for retention to the employee with the longest time in the class.
- *k*. The reduction in force plan approved by the merit system director will be made available by the resident director so that all employees will have access to it.
- l. An affected employee may appeal a reduction in force by filing, within five days after notification as provided in 3.104(4) "g," a written grievance with the resident director (at Step 3 of the grievance procedure provided in 681—3.129(8A) or at a comparable step of a procedure approved under 3.129(1)). If not satisfied with the decision rendered at that step, the employee may pursue an appeal in accordance with the grievance procedure.
- m. A supervisory employee, defined as a public employee who is not a member of a collective bargaining unit and who has authority, in the interest of a public employer, to hire, transfer, suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or discipline other public employees, to direct such public employees, or to adjust the grievances of such public employees, or to effectively recommend such action, may not replace or bump a junior employee not being laid off. For purposes of this subrule, "junior employee" means an employee with less seniority or fewer retention points than a supervisory employee.
- n. A permanent employee in a nonsupervisory class in which layoffs are to be effected may, in lieu of layoff, elect voluntary demotion to a position in the next lower nonsupervisory class in the same series utilized at the institution or, in the absence of a lower nonsupervisory class in the same series, to a nonsupervisory class which the employee has formerly occupied while in the continuous employment of the institution. The employee must possess any special qualifications required and have the ability to perform the essential functions of the position. Such demotion or the occupying of a formerly held nonsupervisory class will not be permitted if the result thereof would be to cause the layoff of a permanent employee with a greater total of retention points. To exercise the right of voluntary demotion or to occupy a formerly held nonsupervisory classification in lieu of layoff, the employee must notify the resident director in writing of such election not later than five calendar days after receiving notice of layoff. Any permanent employee displaced under these provisions will have the right of election as provided herein.
- o. Employees who are laid off or who accept voluntary demotion in a series or assignment to a previously held class in lieu of layoff will, at their request, have their names placed on the reemployment eligibility list for the class from which they were laid off, a lower class(es) in the same series from which they were laid off, and a class(es) formerly occupied in accordance with 681—3.67(8A) to

IAC Ch 3, p.3

681—3.70(8A) for a period of up to two years from the date of layoff. If reemployment occurs within two years of separation due to reduction in force, prior service credit shall be restored. Acceptance of reemployment in a lower class in the same series from which the employee was laid off or in a previously held class will not affect the employee's standing on the reemployment list for the class from which the employee was laid off. After two years on the reemployment eligibility list, the employee's name shall be removed.

**3.104(5)** Abandonment of position. Employees who are absent from duty for three consecutive work days without proper notification and authorization thereof shall be deemed to have resigned their positions.

This rule is intended to implement Iowa Code Supplement section 8A.413(14).

[ARC 9812B, IAB 10/19/11, effective 11/23/11]